

Two-sided contexts and how to parse them

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Overview

Introduction to two-sided context

Previous models of context

Grammars with two-sided context

Parsing two-sided context

Barash and Okhotin's algorithms

New algorithm

Open questions

Context in context

- ▶ Context-free grammars to model syntax of languages
- ▶ Are these sufficient?

- ▶ No: cross-serial dependencies (e.g. Swiss German):

*Jan säit das mer d'chind em Hans es huus lönd hälfe
aastriiche.*

John said that we let the children help Hans paint the house.

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Context in context

- ▶ First attempt to model context: context-sensitive grammars
 - ▶ Too powerful (= NLINSPACE)
 - ▶ Lack phrase structure
- ▶ Mildly context-sensitive grammar classes
- ▶ Regulated rewriting approach

A new approach

Barash and Okhotin's grammars with {one, two}-sided contexts model context directly.

$$ABC \rightarrow A\beta C$$



$$B \rightarrow \triangleleft A \& \beta \& \triangleright C$$

Adding conjunction to context-free grammars

Context-free:

$$A \rightarrow BC$$

If B matches u and C matches v then A matches uv

Conjunction:

$$A \rightarrow B \& C$$

If B matches u and C matches u then A matches u

Or is implicit (or written |)

Adding context to conjunctive grammars

Context:

$$A \rightarrow \triangleleft B$$

If v is preceded by u , and u matches B , then v matches A

?

Strings in context

A string-in-context is a triple of strings, written $u\langle v\rangle w$.

Intuitively, v seen as a substring of uvw .

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{he}\langle\text{llo}\rangle\text{world} \\ \text{hello}\langle\text{wor}\rangle\text{ld} \\ \hline \text{he}\langle\text{llo wor}\rangle\text{ld} \end{array}$$

but

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{he}\langle\text{llo}\rangle\text{world} \\ \text{hello}\langle\text{ear}\rangle\text{th} \\ \hline \text{undefined} \end{array}$$

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We can improve the previous description of \triangleleft :

$$A \rightarrow \triangleleft B$$

If u matches B , then $u\langle v \rangle w$ matches A

or better

If $\varepsilon\langle u \rangle vw$ matches B , then $u\langle v \rangle w$ matches A

We also have \triangleleft , \triangleright and \triangleright

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We also have \trianglelefteq , \triangleright and \trianglerighteq

$$\begin{array}{l}
\vdash_G [\varepsilon, u\langle\varepsilon\rangle w] \\
\vdash_G [a, u\langle a\rangle w] \qquad a \in \Sigma \\
[\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w] \vdash_G [A, u\langle v\rangle w] \qquad A \rightarrow \alpha \in R \\
[\alpha, u\langle v_1\rangle v_2 w], [\beta, uv_1\langle v_2\rangle w] \vdash_G [\alpha\beta, u\langle v_1 v_2\rangle w] \\
[\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w], [\beta, u\langle v\rangle w] \vdash_G [\alpha \& \beta, u\langle v\rangle w] \\
[\alpha, \varepsilon\langle u\rangle vw] \vdash_G [\triangleleft\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w] \\
[\alpha, \varepsilon\langle uv\rangle w] \vdash_G [\trianglelefteq\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w] \\
[\alpha, uv\langle w\rangle\varepsilon] \vdash_G [\triangleright\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w] \\
[\alpha, u\langle vw\rangle\varepsilon] \vdash_G [\trianglerighteq\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w]
\end{array}$$

$$L_G(\alpha) = \{u\langle v\rangle w : u, v, w \in \Sigma^* \text{ and } \vdash_G [\alpha, u\langle v\rangle w]\}$$

$$L(G) = \{v \in \Sigma^* : \varepsilon\langle v\rangle\varepsilon \in L_G(S)\}$$

Grammar for

$\{x\$x : x \in \{a, b\}^*\}$:

$G = (\{a, b, \$\},$

$\{S, J, A, L, C_a, C_b\}, R, S)$ where

R contains

$S \rightarrow \$$

$S \rightarrow LSA$

$J \rightarrow \varepsilon$

$J \rightarrow AJ$

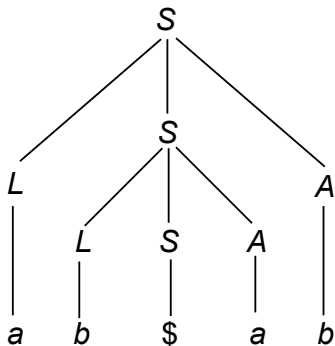
$A \rightarrow \sigma$

$L \rightarrow \sigma \ \& \ \triangleright C_\sigma$

$C_\sigma \rightarrow \$J\sigma$

$C_\sigma \rightarrow AC_\sigma A$

} $\sigma \in \{a, b\}$.



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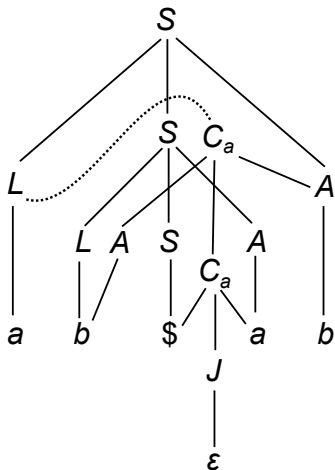
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$\left. \begin{array}{l} L \rightarrow \sigma \ \& \ \triangleright C_\sigma \\ C_\sigma \rightarrow \$J\sigma \\ C_\sigma \rightarrow AC_\sigma A \end{array} \right\} \sigma \in \{a, b\}.$



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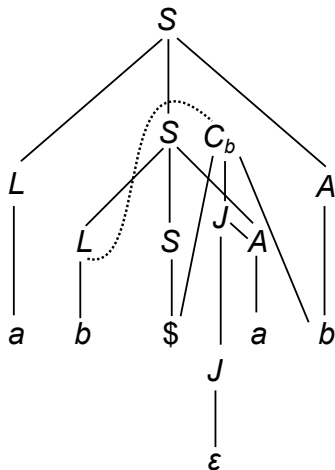
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Parsing one-sided context

CKY-type algorithm for one-sided context: $O(n^3)$

Uses *binary normal form*

Can be sped up using matrix multiplication: $O(n^\omega)$
($2 \leq \omega < 2.3727$)

Parsing two-sided context

CKY-type algorithm is still sound

but needs $O(|N| \cdot n)$ passes

so $O(n^{\omega+1})$

Example

Let $G = (\{a\}, \{A, S\}, R, S)$ where R contains the following rules:

$$S \rightarrow a$$

$$S \rightarrow AS$$

$$A \rightarrow a \ \& \ \triangleright S$$

Example: $O(n^4)$ algorithm

$S \rightarrow a$

$S \rightarrow AS$

$A \rightarrow a \ \& \ \triangleright S$

aaa

Example: $O(n^4)$ algorithm

$S \rightarrow a$

$S \rightarrow AS$

$A \rightarrow a \ \& \ \triangleright S$

$\langle a \rangle aa$

$[S, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa]$

Example: $O(n^4)$ algorithm

$S \rightarrow a$

$S \rightarrow AS$

$A \rightarrow a \ \& \ \triangleright S$

$a\langle a \rangle a$

$[S, \epsilon\langle a \rangle aa]$

$[S, a\langle a \rangle a]$

Example: $O(n^4)$ algorithm

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$S \rightarrow AS$

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$[S, a\langle a \rangle a]$

$[S, aa\langle a \rangle \epsilon]$

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There are only $O(|N| \cdot n^2)$ facts to learn
(one for each pair of non-terminal and substring)

but we consider each fact many times, before we can learn it.

Classic optimization: look at each fact when we are ready,
instead of looping over all facts

Our algorithm

Interpret

$$A \rightarrow BC \ \& \ \triangleright D$$

as a family of implications

$$[B, u\langle v_1 \rangle v_2 w] \wedge [C, uv_1\langle v_2 \rangle w] \wedge [D, uv_1 v_2\langle w \rangle \varepsilon] \Rightarrow [A, u\langle v_1 v_2 \rangle w]$$

Each rule with a single concatenation $\rightsquigarrow O(n^3)$ implications

Forbid multiple concatenations (*separated normal form*):

$O(|G| \cdot n^3)$ implications

Our algorithm

Keep set of implications

Mark antecedents as we learn them

When we know all antecedents, learn the consequent

$S \rightarrow a$ $S \rightarrow AS$ $A \rightarrow a \ \& \ \triangleright S$ $[a, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa]$ $[a, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa] \Rightarrow [S, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa]$ $[a, a \langle a \rangle a]$ $[a, a \langle a \rangle a] \Rightarrow [S, a \langle a \rangle a]$ $[a, aa \langle a \rangle \varepsilon]$ $[a, aa \langle a \rangle \varepsilon] \Rightarrow [S, aa \langle a \rangle \varepsilon]$ $[a, a \langle a \rangle a] \wedge [S, aa \langle a \rangle \varepsilon] \Rightarrow [A, a \langle a \rangle a]$ $[A, a \langle a \rangle a] \wedge [S, aa \langle a \rangle \varepsilon] \Rightarrow [S, a \langle aa \rangle \varepsilon]$ $[a, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa] \wedge [S, a \langle aa \rangle \varepsilon] \Rightarrow [A, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa]$ $[A, \varepsilon \langle a \rangle aa] \wedge [S, a \langle aa \rangle \varepsilon] \Rightarrow [S, \varepsilon \langle aaa \rangle \varepsilon]$

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An instance of Horn deduction (cf. Kowalski and Colmerauer;
Shieber, Schabes and Pereira)

or hypergraph reachability (cf. Klein and Manning)

Analysis

There are $O(|N| \cdot n^2)$ facts:
each can appear many times.

But there are only $O(|G| \cdot n^3)$ symbols in the implications:
each one is marked once.

If we keep an index of each use of a fact,
we can do the marking in constant time for each appearance.

If we are careful, we only need to remember which facts we have
learned,
so space usage is quadratic.

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Open questions

Can we improve parsing to $O(n^\omega)$?

Better understanding of context and the languages it recognizes

Thank you

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