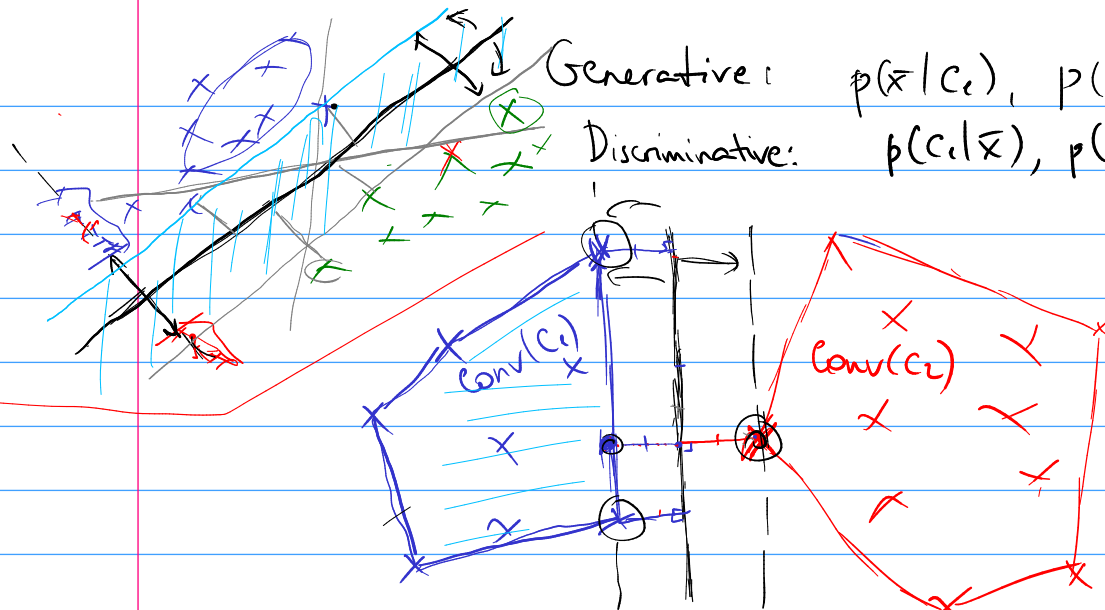


Generative: $p(\bar{x} | C_1), p(\bar{x} | C_2)$

LDA, QDA

Discriminative: $p(C_1 | \bar{x}), p(C_2 | \bar{x})$

Logistic regression



$$\min_{\bar{a}, \bar{b}} \|\bar{a} - \bar{b}\|^2$$

$$\bar{a} \in \text{Conv}(C_1) = \left\{ \sum_{n: \bar{x}_n \in C_1} d_n \bar{x}_n \mid d_n \geq 0, \sum d_n = 1 \right\}$$

$$\bar{b} \in \text{Conv}(C_2) = \left\{ \sum_{n: \bar{x}_n \in C_2} d_n \bar{x}_n \mid d_n \geq 0, \sum d_n = 1 \right\}$$

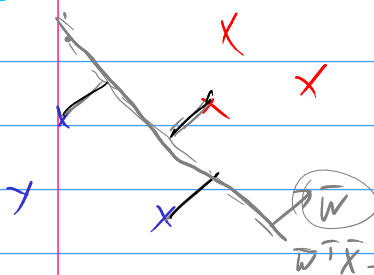
$$\min_{d_n} \left\| \sum_{\bar{x}_n \in C_1} d_n \bar{x}_n - \sum_{\bar{x}_n \in C_2} d_n \bar{x}_n \right\|^2$$

$$\forall n d_n \geq 0, \sum d_n = 1$$

quadratic programming

N переменных, N ограничений

Ванты
Лернер
Червокине
Мерз
обобщенных
порядков
VC-dimension



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall \bar{x}_n \in C_1 \quad \bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0 > 0 \\ \forall \bar{x}_n \in C_2 \quad \bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0 < 0 \end{array} \right\} \quad t_n \in \left\{ \frac{-1}{C_2}, \frac{1}{C_1} \right\}$$

$$\max_{\bar{w}, w_0} \min_{n=1}^N \frac{|\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0|}{\|\bar{w}\|}$$

$$\|\bar{w}\| = ?$$

$$\forall n \quad t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) > 0$$

$$\max_{\bar{w}, w_0} \min_n \frac{t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0)}{\|\bar{w}\|} = \max_{\bar{w}, w_0} \frac{1}{\|\bar{w}\|} \min_n t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0)$$

~~$\|\bar{w}\| = 1$
 $\max_{\bar{w}, w_0} \min_n t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0)$
 $\forall n \quad t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) > 0$
 $\bar{w}^T \bar{w} = 1$~~

$$\min_n y(\bar{x}_n) = 1$$

$$\forall n \quad y(\bar{x}_n) \geq 1$$

$$\min_n y(\bar{x}_n) = a > 1 \rightarrow \bar{w}' = \frac{1}{a} \cdot \bar{w}$$

$$w_0' = \frac{1}{a} \cdot w_0$$

$$\max_{\bar{w}, w_0} \frac{1}{\|\bar{w}\|} = \min_{\bar{w}, w_0} \|\bar{w}\|^2$$

quadratic programming

~~$$\min_n t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) = 1$$~~

$$t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) \geq 1$$

\rightarrow переменных, N ограничений

$$L(\bar{w}, w_0, \bar{\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2} \bar{w}^T \bar{w} - \sum_{n=1}^N \alpha_n (t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) - 1) \rightarrow \min_{\bar{w}, w_0, \bar{\alpha}}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = 0 - \sum_n \alpha_n t_n = 0; \quad \sum_n \alpha_n t_n = 0 \quad \forall n \alpha_n \geq 0$$

$$\nabla_{\bar{w}} L = \bar{w} - \sum_n \alpha_n t_n \bar{x}_n = 0 \quad \bar{w} = \sum_n \alpha_n t_n \bar{x}_n$$

$$L(\bar{\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_n \alpha_n t_n \bar{x}_n \right)^T \left(\sum_m \alpha_m t_m \bar{x}_m \right) - \sum_{n=1}^N \alpha_n \left(t_n \bar{x}_n^T \left(\sum_m \alpha_m t_m \bar{x}_m \right) - 1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} \alpha_n \alpha_m t_n t_m \bar{x}_n^T \bar{x}_m - \sum_{n,m} \alpha_n \alpha_m t_n t_m \bar{x}_n^T \bar{x}_m + \sum_n \alpha_n$$

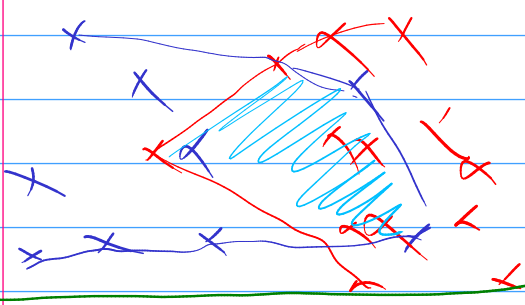
$$L(\bar{\alpha}) = \sum_n \alpha_n - \frac{1}{2} \sum_n \sum_m \alpha_n \alpha_m t_n t_m \bar{x}_n^T \bar{x}_m \rightarrow \min_{\bar{\alpha}} \quad \sum_n \alpha_n t_n = 0 \quad \forall n \alpha_n \geq 0$$

N переменных, N ограничений

$$\bar{w} = \sum_n \alpha_n t_n \bar{x}_n$$

$$\hat{t} = \bar{w}^T \bar{x} + w_0 = \sum_n \alpha_n t_n \bar{x}_n^T \bar{x} + w_0$$

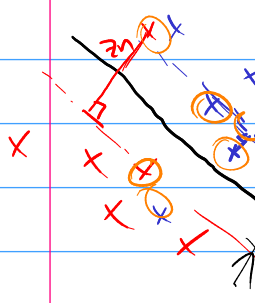
$$= \sum_n t_n k(\bar{x}_n, \bar{x}) = \sum_n \alpha_n \bar{x}_n^T \bar{x}$$



$$t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) + z_n \geq 1 \quad \forall n \quad z_n \geq 0$$

$$\min_{\bar{z}, \bar{w}, w_0} \left(\frac{1}{2} \bar{w}^T \bar{w} + C \sum z_n \right)$$

$$L(\bar{\alpha}) = \sum_n \alpha_n - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} \alpha_n \alpha_m t_n t_m \bar{x}_n^T \bar{x}_m \quad \forall n \quad \sum_n \alpha_n t_n = 0 \quad C \sum \alpha_n \geq 0$$

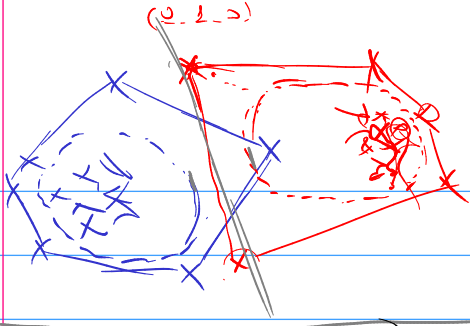


D-SVM

$$L_D(\bar{w}, p, \bar{z}) = \frac{1}{2} \bar{w}^T \bar{w} + \frac{1}{2} \sum z_n - D \cdot p$$

$$t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) + z_n \geq p \quad z_n \geq 0 \quad p \geq 0$$

$$D \geq \frac{1}{N} \cdot \#\{n: z_n > 0\} \quad D \leq \frac{1}{N} \cdot \#\{\text{support vectors}\}$$



$$\text{Conv}(C) = \{ \sum d_n \bar{x}_n \mid \bar{x}_n \in C, \sum d_n = 1, d_n \geq 0 \}$$

$$\text{Conv}_D(C) = \{ \sum d_n \bar{x}_n \mid 0 \leq d_n \leq D \}$$

$$\bar{x}^T A \bar{x} + \bar{x}^T \bar{b} + c = 0$$

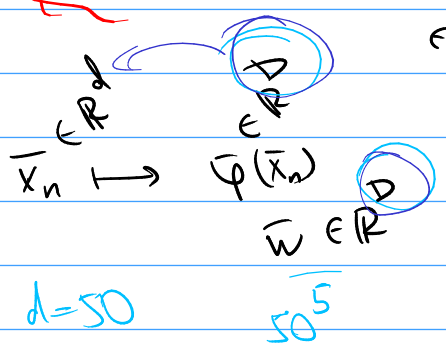


$$\bar{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bar{\varphi} \downarrow$$

$$\bar{\varphi}(\bar{x}) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1^2 \\ x_2^2 \\ x_1 x_2 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \\ w_4 \\ w_5 \end{pmatrix} = \bar{w}_1 x_1^2 + \bar{w}_2 x_2^2 + \bar{w}_3 x_1 x_2 + \bar{w}_4 x_1 + \bar{w}_5 x_2$$

$$\bar{w}^T \bar{\varphi}(\bar{x}) + w_0 = 0$$



$$\frac{d(d+1)}{2} = O(d^2)$$

$$O(d^k)$$

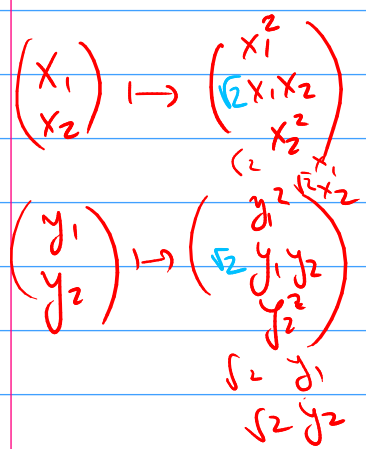
$$L(\bar{d}) = \sum_n d_n - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n,m} d_n d_m t_n t_m (\bar{x}_n^T \bar{x}_m) \xrightarrow{\bar{d}} \min_{C \succ d_n \geq 0} \sum d_n t_n = 0$$

$$g(\bar{x}) = \sum_n d_n t_n \underbrace{(\bar{x}_n^T \bar{x})}_{k(\bar{x}_n, \bar{x})} + w_0$$

$$\mathbb{R}^d \ni \bar{x} \xrightarrow{\bar{\varphi}} \bar{\varphi}(\bar{x}) \in \mathbb{R}^D$$

$$\text{kernel } g \mapsto \bar{\varphi}(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) \in \mathbb{R}^D$$

$$k(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = \bar{\varphi}(\bar{x})^T \bar{\varphi}(\bar{y})$$



$$\bar{\varphi}(\bar{x})^T \bar{\varphi}(\bar{y}) = x_1^2 y_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 y_1 y_2 + x_2^2 y_2^2 = (x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2)^2 = (\bar{x}^T \bar{y})^2$$

$$x_1^2 y_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 y_1 y_2 + x_2^2 y_2^2 + 2x_1 y_1 + 2x_2 y_2 = (\bar{x}^T \bar{y} + 1)^2 - 1$$

linear
poly degree d

$$k(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = (\bar{x}^T \bar{y} + 1)^d$$

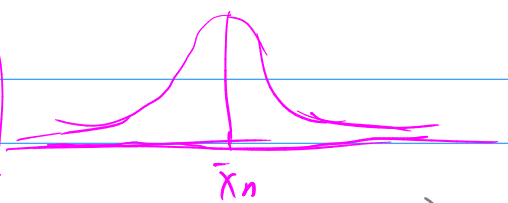
$$\forall \bar{x} \neq 0 \quad k(\bar{x}, \bar{x}) > 0 \quad \forall \bar{x}, \bar{y} \quad k(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = k(\bar{y}, \bar{x})$$

$f(\bar{x}) = \bar{w}^T \bar{x} + w_0$

RBF - radial basis function

$k(\bar{x}_n, \bar{x}) = e^{-s \cdot \|\bar{x} - \bar{x}_n\|^2}$

$y(\bar{x}) = \sum_n t_n k(\bar{x}_n, \bar{x}) + w_0$

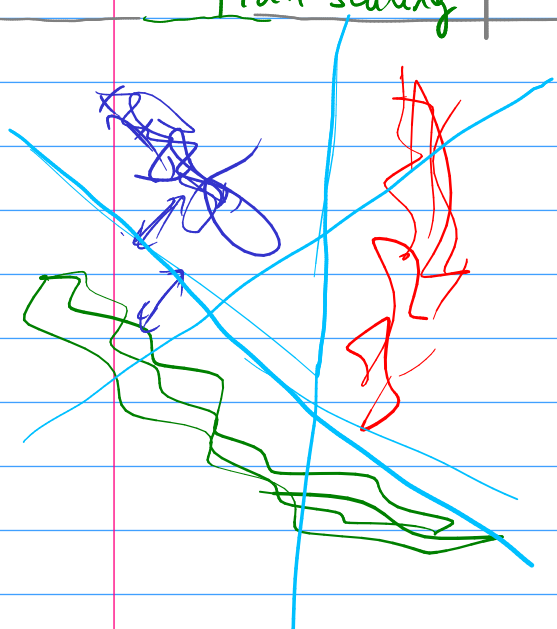


Karush-Kuhn-Tucker

$\frac{d}{d t_n} (t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) - 1) = 0$

\bar{x}_n - support vector: $t_n (\bar{w}^T \bar{x}_n + w_0) = 1$

$p(C_i | \bar{x}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{a f(\bar{x}) + b}}$
Platt scaling



= one-vs-all $y_k = \bar{w}_k^T \bar{x} + w_{0,k}$ C_k vs C_{-k}

$y(\bar{x}) = \operatorname{argmax}_k y_k(\bar{x}) \quad k=1, \dots, K$

Linear SVC - predict - probs
- one-vs-one $\frac{k(k-1)}{2}$ voting

$y_{kl}(\bar{x}) = \bar{w}_{kl}^T \bar{x} + w_{0,kl} \quad C_k$ vs C_l

$\operatorname{argmax}_{k=1}^K a_k = \operatorname{argmax}_k \sum_l [a_l > a_k]$

$f_k(\bar{x}) = p(C_k | \bar{x})$ Frieden

$K^* = \operatorname{argmax}_k p(C_k | \bar{x}) = \operatorname{argmax}_k \left(\sum_{l=1}^K [p(C_k | \bar{x}) > p(C_l | \bar{x})] \right) =$

$= \operatorname{argmax}_k \sum_l \left[\frac{p(C_k | \bar{x})}{p(C_k | \bar{x}) + p(C_l | \bar{x})} > \frac{p(C_l | \bar{x})}{p(C_k | \bar{x}) + p(C_l | \bar{x})} \right]$

$p(C_k | \bar{x} \in C_k \vee \bar{x} \in C_l) \approx p(C_k | \bar{x} \in C_k \vee \bar{x} \in C_l)$

Hastie - Tibshirani

$r_{kl} \approx p(\bar{x} \in C_k | \bar{x} \in C_k \vee \bar{x} \in C_l)$

$p(\bar{x} \in C_k) = p_k = ?$

$r_{kl} \approx \frac{p_k}{p_k + p_l} = \mu_{kl}$

$L(\bar{p}) = \sum_{k < l} N_{kl} \left(r_{kl} \log \frac{r_{kl}}{\mu_{kl}} + (1 - r_{kl}) \log \frac{1 - r_{kl}}{1 - \mu_{kl}} \right) \xrightarrow{\bar{p}} \min$