

$p(\theta|D) = \frac{p(\theta)p(D|\theta)}{p(D)}$

model parameters data → posterior
 prior likelihood → max θ_{ML}
 evidence

θ_{MAP} max

$p(\theta|D) \propto p(\theta)p(D|\theta)$

Монетка $\theta = p(\text{opëa})$
 $D = \text{hhhtttlh}$

$p(D|\theta) = \theta^4(1-\theta)^3 \xrightarrow{\theta} \text{max}$

$\theta_{ML} = \text{argmax}_{\theta} p(D|\theta)$

$\frac{\theta^n(1-\theta)^m \rightarrow \text{max}}{\theta_{ML} = \frac{n}{n+m}}$

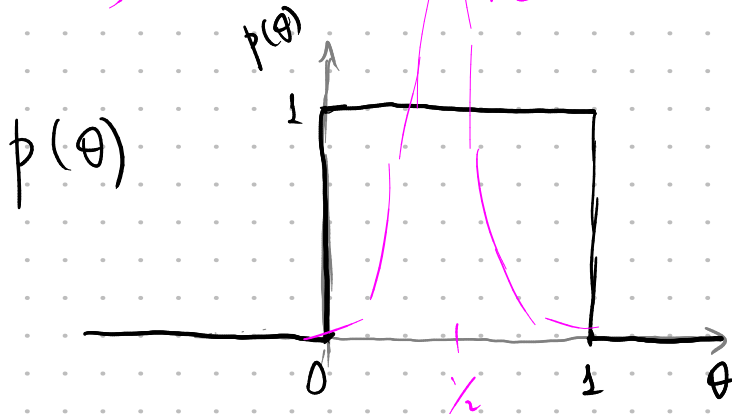
$\frac{\partial p(D|\theta)}{\partial \theta} = 4\theta^3(1-\theta)^3 - 3\theta^4(1-\theta)^2 = 0$

$\theta^3(1-\theta)^2(4(1-\theta) - 3\theta) = 0$

$\theta = 0, 1, \frac{4}{7}$

$D = t$

$p(D|\theta) = 1 - \theta$



$p(\theta) = \begin{cases} 1, & \theta \in [0, 1] \\ 0, & \theta \notin [0, 1] \end{cases}$

$$p(\theta | D) \propto p(\theta) p(D | \theta) = \begin{cases} \theta^n (1-\theta)^m & \theta \in [0, 1] \\ 0, & \theta \notin [0, 1] \end{cases}$$

$$p(D) = \int p(\theta) p(D | \theta) d\theta = \int_0^1 \theta^n (1-\theta)^m d\theta = B(n+1, m+1)$$

$$B(\alpha, \beta) = \int_0^1 x^{\alpha-1} (1-x)^{\beta-1} dx$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha+\beta)}$$

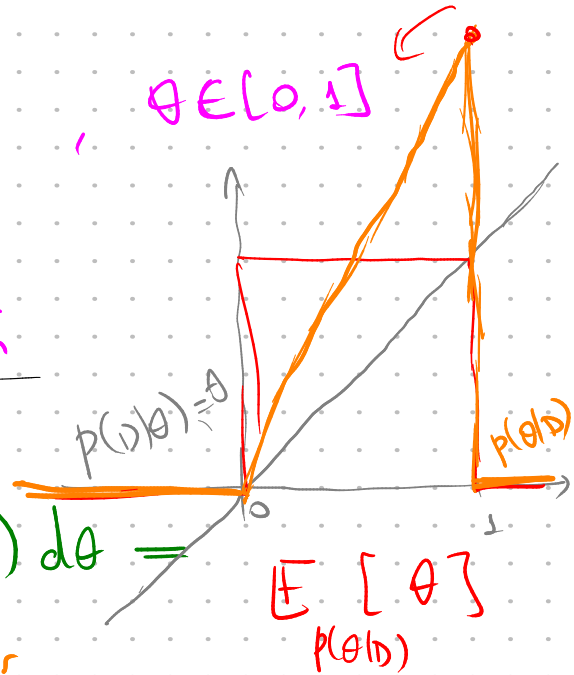
$$\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(n+1) \Gamma(m+1)}{\Gamma(n+m+2)} =$$

$$p(D) = \frac{n! m!}{(n+m+1)!}$$

$$p(\theta | D) = \frac{(n+m+1)!}{n! m!} \cdot \theta^n (1-\theta)^m, \quad \theta \in [0, 1]$$

$$\theta_{\text{MAP}} = \arg \max_{\theta} p(\theta | D) = \frac{n}{n+m}$$



$$p(\text{heads} | D) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(\text{heads}, \theta | D) d\theta =$$

$$= \int \underbrace{p(\text{heads} | \theta, D)}_{\theta} \cdot \underbrace{p(\theta | D)}_{\text{posterior}} d\theta =$$

$$= \int_0^1 \theta \cdot \frac{(n+m+1)!}{n! m!} \theta^n (1-\theta)^m d\theta = \frac{(n+m+1)!}{n! m!} \frac{(n+1)! m!}{(n+m+2)!}$$

predictive
distribution

$$p(\text{heads} | D) = \frac{n+1}{n+m+2}$$

Laplace's rule
of succession